# **Dhudhuroa language**

**Dhudhuroa** is an extinct Australian Aboriginal language of north-eastern Victoria. As it is no longer spoken, Dhudhuroa is primarily known today from written material collected by R. H. Mathews from Neddy Wheeler. It has gone by numerous names, including Dhudhuroa, the Victorian Alpine language, Dyinningmiddhang, Djilamatang, Theddora, Theddoramittung, Balangamida, and Tharamirttong. Yaitmathang (Jaitmathang), or Jandangara (Gundanora), was spoken in the same area, but was a dialect of Ngarigu. [2]

Dhudhuroa language is currently undergoing a revival, and is being taught at Bright Secondary College and Wooragee Primary School.  $^{[4]}$ 

Contents					
Phonology					
Consonants					
Vowels					
References					
Sources					
Further reading					

Dhudhuroa							
Victorian Alpine							
North-eastern Victoria, Australia							
Dhudhuroa, Djilamatang, ?Minjambuta							
Early 20th C; Revival 2010s							
Pama–Nyungan							
<ul><li>Gippsland</li></ul>							
<ul><li>Dhudhuroa</li></ul>							
Language codes							
ddr							
dhud1236 (http://glotto log.org/resource/languo id/id/dhud1236) <sup>[1]</sup>							
S44 (https://collectio n.aiatsis.gov.au/austla ng/language/S44)							

# **Phonology**

#### **Consonants**

	Labial	Alveolar	Retroflex	Dental	Palatal	Velar
Stop	b	d	(d [ <b>rd</b> ])	ሷ [ <b>dh</b> ]	յ [dj]	g
Nasal	m	n	(ղ [ <b>rn</b> ])	ក្ក [ <b>nh</b> ]	႒ာ [ <b>ny</b> ]	ŋ [ <b>ng</b> ]
Lateral		I				
Rhotic		r [ <b>rr</b> ]				
Approximant	W				j [ <b>y</b> ]	

#### **Vowels**

	Front	Central	Back
Close	ii:		uuː
Open		aa:	

Blake and Reid (2002) suggest that there were possibly two retroflex consonants.

## References

- 1. Hammarström, Harald; Forkel, Robert; Haspelmath, Martin, eds. (2017). "Dhudhuroa" (http://glottolog.org/resource/languoid/id/dhud1236). Glottolog 3.0. Jena, Germany: Max Planck Institute for the Science of Human History.
- 2. S44 (https://collection.aiatsis.gov.au/austlang/language/S44) Dhudhuroa at the Australian Indigenous Languages Database, <u>Australian Institute of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Studies</u>
- 3. *Proceedings of the Royal Society of Victoria*, volume 75, page 324: It is obvious that the two, the Theddora and the Dhudhuroa, are the same.
- 4. Jacks, Timna (10 October 2015). <u>"VCE Indigenous language students awaken 'sleeping'</u> Dhudhuroa tongue" (http://www.theage.com.au/victoria/vce-indigenous-language-students-awaken-sleeping-dhudhuroa-tongue-20151008-gk4vai.html). *The Age*. Retrieved 21 June 2019.

### Sources

- Blake, Barry J.; Julie Reid (2002). "The Dhudhuroa language of northeastern Victoria: a description based on historical sources". Aboriginal History. 26: 177–210.
- Mathews, R. H. (1909). "The Dhudhuroa language of Victoria". *American Anthropologist*. 11 (2): 278–284. doi:10.1525/aa.1909.11.2.02a00100 (https://doi.org/10.1525%2Faa.1909.11.2.0 2a00100).

# **Further reading**

■ Bibliography of Dhuduroa people and language resources (http://aiatsis.gov.au/sites/default/file s/docs/collections/language\_bibs/dhuduroa\_dhudhuruwa.pdf), at the Australian Institute of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Studies

Retrieved from "https://en.wikipedia.org/w/index.php?title=Dhudhuroa language&oldid=955762279"

This page was last edited on 9 May 2020, at 17:22 (UTC).

Text is available under the <u>Creative Commons Attribution-ShareAlike License</u>; additional terms may apply. By using this site, you agree to the <u>Terms of Use</u> and <u>Privacy Policy</u>. Wikipedia® is a registered trademark of the <u>Wikimedia</u> Foundation, Inc., a non-profit organization.